



राजपत्र, हिमाचल प्रदेश

(असाधारण)

हिमाचल प्रदेश राज्यशासन द्वारा प्रकाशित

शिमला, बृहस्पतिवार, 29 जून, 1972/8 आषाढ़, 1894

GOVERNMENT OF HIMACHAL PRADESH

HOME DEPARTMENT

ORDER

Simla-2, the 8th June, 1972

No. 11-11/72-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred under section 5 of the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971 (No. 26 of 1971), and all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor, Himachal Pradesh is pleased to determine as under the conditions of detention of persons, ordered under the said Act to be detained in any prison in Himachal Pradesh, namely:—

ORDER

1. This order may be called the Himachal Pradesh Detenus (Conditions of Detention) Order, 1972. Title.

Application.—It shall apply to all persons detained by an order made under section 3 of the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971.

2. In this order, unless the context otherwise requires,—

Definitions.

(a) 'Detenu' means any person being detained in Himachal Pradesh by an order passed under section 3 of the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971.

(b) 'Jail' means any prison as defined in section 3 of the Prisons Act, 1894 (IX of 1894), and includes a Police lock-up or any place which has been declared by the State Government by the general or special order to be subsidiary Jail.

(c) "Superintendent" means the Superintendent of the Jail in which any detenu is detained, or in the case of a Police lock-up the Officer-in-charge of the Police Station in whose jurisdiction the lock-up is situated.

Classifica-
tion.

3. The detenus shall be classified in two classes, viz. 'Special Class' and 'Ordinary Class'. All Members of the Parliament and Members of the Legislative Assembly shall be classified as 'Special Class' and other detenus shall be classified as 'Ordinary Class'.

Ex-gratia
Family al-
lowance.

4. The State Government, after making such enquiry as it may deem fit, is satisfied that the detenu is the bread winner and his detention has substantially affected the means of subsistence of his family, may grant an *ex-gratia* family allowance to the detenu's family at the rate of 33½ per cent of the income of the person detained:

Provided that the amount of such grant shall not be less than fifty rupees and more than one hundred rupees in any case.

Accommo-
dation.

5. Detenus shall be kept in cells or association wards (preferably the latter) when they are detained in jails, but in case they are detained in Police lock-ups, they shall be kept in the lock-ups separately from other persons but allowed to associate freely with each other if there are other detenus. The State Government, the Superintendent of Jail or the Superintendent of Police within whose jurisdiction the police lock-up is situated, may confine any particular detenu or any particular class of detenus separately if this is considered desirable on any ground. The detenus may be allowed to sleep in the open during summer where such arrangements exist or can be made.

Lock-up

6. The detenu shall not normally be locked-up at night. However, if the Superintendent of Jail considers that it is expedient to do so in view of the suspicious character of the detenu he may lock-up the detenu during night and record reasons for doing so in his journal. The outer gate of the compound shall, however, remain locked-up all the 24 hours.

Diet

7. (1) Special class detenus shall be given a diet allowance of Rs. 2.75 and ordinary class Rs. 2.25 per day, respectively. They will run their own kitchen with the assistance of some staff. They shall be supplied articles stocked in jail for prisoners, but payment for the articles supplied will be made out of the separate account to be opened for the detenus. In addition they can get other articles through prison canteen. They may if they so like get articles of their choice from outside through a contractor to be approved by the Superintendent Jail. The articles so purchased shall be examined by the latter.

(2) The detenus lodged in the jails of Himachal Pradesh may be allowed by the Superintendent Jail to supplement their requirements in the matter of food by receiving fruits (both fresh and dry) in reasonable quantity and pure ghee upto five seers per month from the relatives and friends at the time of interviews; provided that such allowed articles of diet shall be subject to examination by the Superintendent of Jail.

Clothing
and Bed-
ding.

8. Each detenu may wear his own clothes and his relations may, if so permitted by the Superintendent, send in extra clothes and bedding. A detenu who is unable to provide himself with clothing and bedding,

shall be supplied by the Superintendent, on the scale given below on the condition that he will not be permitted to use private bedding and clothes:—

Name of clothes	Special Class	Ordinary Class
DURING ALL SEASONS		
Kurtas	4	4
Pyjama or dhotis	4	4
Chadars or bed sheets	2	2
Covering sheets	2	2
Towels	2	2
Cotton durrie (7' × 4')	1	1
Tulai	1	1
Kachhas or Janghias	3	3
Banians	2	1
Pugrees or caps	2	2
Pillow with two covers	1	1
Country made shoes	1 pair	1 pair
Blanket	1	1

DURING WINTER

(In addition to clothing and bedding provided during all seasons)

Sweater	1	1
Quilt	1	1
Woollen coat	1	1
Quilt cover	1	1
Woollen socks	2 pair	2 pair.

Notes.—(i) All detenus may be provided with English pattern shoes instead of country made shoes, if they so wish.

(ii) The Superintendent Jail shall make arrangements at Government expense for repairing shoes of the detenus for making them fit for use as and when necessary.

(iii) The Superintendent of Jail may issue necessary clothes to such deserving detenus as have no clothes of their own at the time of their release.

(iv) In case the detenu does not wish to wear Jail clothes and cannot get clothes of his own, clothes can be made according to his specifications; provided the cost not of clothing for summer and winter wear does not exceed the scale of clothing laid down for the class to which detenu belongs.

9. (1) Special class detenus shall be supplied with the following furniture:—

Furniture.

1. Charpoy One.
2. Wooden Chair One.
3. Wooden Teapoy One.
4. Writing Table One.
5. Shelf, Cupboard or Almirah. One.
6. Mosquito net. One.

In addition they will be at liberty to supplement it by other articles within reasonable limits at their own cost.

(2) Ordinary class detenus will also be provided the same furniture but they will not be allowed to supplement it.

(3) All detenus may also be provided with electric fans, wherever possible.

Sundry Allowance.

10. Special class detenus shall be paid a lump sum sundry allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem and ordinary class detenus of Rs. 10 per mensem for the purchase of toilet articles, washing material, smoking, stationery etc. This allowance will be kept by the Superintendent of Jail and will not be allowed to accrue for more than two months. Unspent amount will not be payable to the detenus.

Funds

11. (1) Special class detenus may receive from their relatives or friends at intervals of not less than a month funds not exceeding in the aggregate of Rs. 20 per mensem and ordinary class detenus Rs. 10 per mensem to enable them to supplement amenities of life. Special class detenus may apply to Government for higher allowance giving reasons in support of their requests.

(2) All funds so received shall be kept by the Superintendent of the Jail and spent by him on behalf of detenus.

Discipline and searches.

12. (1) Detenus shall for the purposes of discipline be subject to such of the rule relating to civil prisoners as are not inconsistent with these orders or any other special orders passed by the state Government in this behalf.

2 Every detenus and his cell or ward shall be searched not less than once a week and oftener if the Superintendent of Jail considers it necessary by the Deputy Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent as detailed by the Superintendent. Special precautions shall be taken to make the searches thorough and the fact of the search shall be noted in the Deputy Superintendent's or Assistant Superintendent's report book. Every detenu shall also be searched before and after interviews and at any other time if the Superintendent of Jail considers it necessary.

Photographs and Finger Prints.

13. The Superintendent of Police or any police officer authorised by him in this behalf may take photographs and register finger prints of any detenu in jail.

Interviews

14. (1) Every detenu irrespective of the class shall be allowed to interview his relatives once a week. The interview will be held in the presence and within the hearing of an officer of the jail and an officer deputed for the purpose by the Superintendent of Police of the District and will last for not more than one hour. A maximum of five persons not counting children below the age of 12 years shall be permitted during each interview.

(2) In addition every detenu shall be permitted to interview friends once a fortnight. The interview will last for half an hour and will be in the presence and within the hearing of jail official, and an officer deputed for the purpose by the Superintendent of Police of the District.

(3) On an application by the detenu the Superintendent of the Jail may grant special interview with not more than two persons at a time on an *ad hoc* basis, in connection with the business/professional matters of the detenu or in the context of serious illness of the detenu or his relatives.

(4) Over and above the interviews specified in sub-para (1) to (3) every detenu will be entitled to interview an advocate or legal practitioner of his choice, subject to the condition that the interview will be purely for purposes of any application the detenu may wish to make to a court of law or in connection with advice relating to matters which may be pending in a court of law in which a detenu is a party. Such an interview will be in the presence of a jail officer or police officer but out of their hearing.

(5) The right to cancel any interview shall vest in the Superintendent of the Jail and shall not be questioned provided that the Superintendent shall make a confidential report to the State Government, through the Superintendent of Police (C.I.D.) giving reasons for the action taken.

(6) Interviews shall ordinarily take place on Thursday, but in special circumstances where the enforcement of this rule would entail harshness the Superintendent is authorised to allow an interview to take place on any other day of the week. All cases in which a Superintendent employs his authority under this rule to allow an interview on a day other than Thursday shall be reported by him forthwith to the Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department. Intimation of the date and time fixed for all interviews shall be given by the Superintendent not less than twelve hours in advance in order that arrangements may be made for the attendance of the officer referred to in sub-paragraphs (1), (2) and (4).

(7) A statement shall be maintained by the Superintendent of Jail of all interviews between a detenu and his relatives and friends with the names and addresses of the persons present at each interview.

(8) The Superintendent Jail, or the officer deputed by the Superintendent of Police of the district may stop the interview if the conversation turns on any undesirable subject such as party and political matters.

(9) *Police interview.*—Subject to the directions of the State Government Inspector General of Police or the Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, may, by general or special orders, authorise any police officer either singly or with an other police officer, and accompanied or unaccompanied by subordinate police officer to interview any detenu.

(10) The police officers so authorised shall be allowed to interview detenu in their cells or wards on their making a written requisition to this effect at the time of interview. In visiting the cells or wards every police officer shall be accompanied by such escort as the Superintendent of the Jail considers necessary for his safety. The escort if the police officer so requires shall stand out of earshot, but within sight while he is speaking to any of the detenus.

(11) The police officer so authorised shall be allowed to interview detenus in the ordinary interview room without a jail officer being present on making a written requisition to this effect.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this paragraph the expression “relatives” shall include father, mother, wife, husband, children, uncle and aunt, brother and sister, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-in-law and daughter-in-law of the detenus.

15. (1) Letters from a Legislator detenu to the Speaker of the Legislature concerned and a communication from the or Speaker to that detenu as well as correspondence between a detenu and courts of law need not be censored and the same be forwarded directly by the Superintendent Jail

Correspondence and censorship.

to the quarters concerned. All such letters should be sent by the Superintendent Jail within 24 hours of their receipt by him. The letters meant for the Legislature detenu received from the Legislative Secretariat and the letters from the court of law to any detenu should be delivered on the day these are received.

(2) Each detenu will be permitted to write four letters a week at Government expense excluding those referred to in sub-paragraph (1) and may receive any number of letters per week. All letters from detenues shall be written in Form 'B' annexed to these rules and shall not exceed the length prescribed. The necessary forms shall be supplied by Government.

(3) The Superintendent Jail, shall have the discretion to allow additional correspondence beyond the limitation prescribed in sub-paragraph (2) in case of absolute necessity and the Superintendent shall use his discretion in favour of the detenu whenever the detenu happens to be lodged in a jail away from his normal place of residence.

(4) In exercising censorship on letter, the jail authority should ensure that:—

- (a) there is no cause for undue delay in transmission or delivery of letters;
- (b) the letters delivered or transmitted contain nothing which is prejudicial.

(5) The letters addressed by the State Government to the detenu and the reply thereto shall not be included for purposes of determining the number of letter exchanged by the detenu under these rules.

(6) All correspondence, addressed by a detenu to the Central Government or to a State Government other than the State where he is detained, shall be routed through the State Government in which the detenu is detained. This shall not, however, apply to the correspondence mentioned in sub-paragraph (1).

(7) No letter, newspaper or other communication shall be transmitted to or from any detenu except through the Jail Superintendent or such other officer as the State Government by general or special order designate in this behalf.

(8) All letters to and from detenues detained in jails shall be persued by the Superintendent of the Jail concerned and subject to any special orders of the State Government shall be submitted by the Superintendent of the Jail, direct to the senior police officer of the district concerned who may, at his discretion, either forward the letters without delay or withhold them. In case of doubt, the senior police officer shall refer the matter to the Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, or other officer designated by the Government in this behalf.

(9) If in any communication made by or intended to be delivered to a detenu, anything objectionable from the point of view of jail discipline is found by the Superintendent of the Jail, he may delete the same or mark it for deletion and mention what has been done when forwarding such communication to the proper authority.

(10) Every letter forwarded to or from a detenu shall be initialled and dated by the officers who handled the letter.

(11) In all cases, in which a letter is withheld the detenu shall be informed through the Superintendent of the Jail concerned of the fact of the retention. All letters withheld shall be sent to the Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department or the other officer designated by Government in this behalf who may at his discretion either retain them or destroy them.

(12) The following procedure shall be followed with regard to the despatch of telegrams to and from detenus:—

When the telegram is to or from the State Government it shall be forwarded direct; provided that the State Government shall always be the intermediary in correspondence with the Central Government. It shall be the duty of the Superintendent Jail, to ensure that only telegrams the urgency of the contents of which justifies the use of telegraphic transmissions shall be despatched or received by detenus. The Superintendent may despatch any telegram from a detenu, including a petition submitted in telegraphic form by post instead of by telegram in any case where in his opinion the subject matter is not of sufficient urgency to justify transmission by telegraphs.

(13) Detenus shall attach to all their outgoing correspondence (including telegrams), a slip containing the full name and address and relationship if any, of the addressee, and of each person mentioned in the letter or telegram. These slips shall be sent to the Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department or other officer designated by Government in this behalf who, if he considers that the writer should not be allowed to correspond with the addressee, shall inform the Superintendent of the Jail, or the officer concerned for his future guidance.

16. (1) All detenus shall be supplied writing material at their own expense; provided that the supply of paper shall be subject to the following conditions:—

Writing materials.

- (i) it shall be supplied in small quantities at a time and shall before delivery to the detenu be numbered and jail stamp affixed to it; and
- (ii) an additional lot shall not be supplied unless the paper already supplied is produced and is found to have been properly used.

(2) Student detenus shall be provided with all facilities to prosecute their studies in jail.

(3) All detenus who desire to learn Hindi and Urdu shall be supplied at Government expense slates, pencils, takhtis, inkpots and pens during teaching hours.

17. Student detenus shall be allowed to appear in examinations.

Examinations.

18. (1) A detenu—

Offence and punishments.

- (i) shall reside in the accommodation allotted to him by the Superintendent whether in an association ward or a cell;
- (ii) shall not proceed beyond the limits of the jail save with the permission of the Superintendent given by general or special order in this behalf;
- (iii) shall obey the orders of the Superintendent issued from time to time for the comfort, safety and health or for the discipline, orderly conduct and control of detenus;

- (iv) shall attend roll-call and answer to his name in person at such time and places within the jail as may be appointed by the Superintendent;
- (v) shall conform to the standards of cleanliness and dress laid down by the Superintendent;
- (vi) shall not do anything wilfully with the object of affecting his own bodily welfare;
- (vii) shall not have in his possession any coin, currency notes or negotiable instruments, and any weapons, sticks, razors, other than safety razor, pieces of iron or any other article which may be used as a weapon;
- (viii) shall not exchange or sell any of his kit, equipment, clothes, furniture or other possessions;
- (ix) shall not refuse to take the prescribed diet.

(2) Any detenu who contravenes any of the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) or refuses to obey any order issued thereunder, or does any of the following acts, namely:—

- (i) assaults, insults, threatens or obstructs any fellow prisoner, any officer of the jail or any other Government servant, or any person employed in or visiting the jail; or
- (ii) quarrels with any person in the jail; or
- (iii) is guilty of indecent, immoral or disorderly conduct; or
- (iv) communicates or attempts to communicate with any person outside the jail in an unauthorized manner; or
- (v) bribes or attempts to bribe any Government servant or any person employed in or visiting the jail; or
- (vi) commits any nuisance or wilfully befouls any well, latrine, washing or bathing place; or
- (vii) disobeys the orders of or shows dis-respect to, any officer of the jail; or
- (viii) wilfully damages any property belonging to Government or tempers with any locks, lamps or lights in the jail; or
- (ix) receives, possesses or transfers any article in contravention of any order of the Superintendent; or
- (x) feigns illness; or
- (xi) wilfully brings a false accusation against any officer of the jail or fellow prisoner; or
- (xii) omits or refuses to report, as soon as it comes to his knowledge, the occurrence of any fire, any plot or conspiracy, any escape, attempt or preparation to escape and any attack or preparation for attack upon any officer of the jail; or
- (xiii) abets the commission by fellow prisoners of the foregoing acts; or
- (xiv) omits or refuses to help any officer of the jail in the case of an attempted escape on the part of any of his fellow prisoners or of any attack upon such officer or upon any of his fellow prisoners; shall be deemed to have committed a jail offence.

(3) (i) Whereupon such enquiry as he thinks fit to make the Superintendent is satisfied that detenu is guilty of a jail offence he may award the detenu one or more of the following punishments:—

- (a) confinement in cells for a period not exceeding fourteen days;
- (b) reduction or alteration of diet for a period not exceeding fourteen days;
- (c) cancellation or reduction for a period not exceeding two months of the concession of receiving funds from outside;
- (d) cancellation or reduction, for a period not exceeding two months of the privilege of writing and receiving letters or of receiving newspapers and books;
- (e) cancellation or reduction for a period not exceeding two months of the privilege of having interview;
- (f) cancellation of the privilege of wearing his own clothes; and
- (g) cancellation of the privilege of charpoys.

(ii) If any detenu is guilty of a jail offence which by reason of his having frequently committed such offences or otherwise is in the opinion of the Superintendent not adequately punishable by him under sub-paragraph (3)(1), he may forward such detenu to the Court of a Magistrate of the First Class having jurisdiction and such Magistrate shall thereupon inquire into and try the charge so brought against the detenu and upon conviction shall sentence him to imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year:

Provided that where the act constituting the offence constitutes an offence punishable under the Indian Penal Code with imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, nothing in this rule shall preclude the detenu from being tried and sentenced for such offence in accordance with the provisions of the Indian Penal Code.

19. A detenu shall be allowed to keep either a wrist watch or a time piece at his own expense but no responsibility for their safety will be taken by the Government.

Watches.

20. (a) The following facilities may be made available at Government expenses:—

Books and periodicals.

- (i) A detenu may be afforded library facilities wherever possible. The books, journals and newspapers provided in a library shall be subject to the approval of the Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department.
- (ii) One English and or one regional language newspaper for every 10 detenues by circulation. In case where the detenues knowing a particular language are below 10 they should be provided with the newspaper in that language at Government expense. The detenu may make a selection of the newspapers he desires to read from a list of approved newspapers kept by the Superintendent Jail.

The list of approved newspapers and periodicals is at Appendix 'B'.

(b) The detenu may avail himself of the following facilities at his own expense:—

- (i) The detenu may obtain any book, journal or newspapers without limitation, as to number by making his own arrangements.
- (ii) All books and newspapers shall be transmitted to and from detenues by the senior police officer of the district through the Superintendent of the Jail concerned. The senior police officer may at his discretion withhold any newspapers or books. Translation of such books as have already been inspected and approved, shall be transmitted to detenues without further examination. In

cases in which books or newspapers, have been withheld a report shall be made to the Superintendent of Police, Criminal Investigation Department, or any other officer designated by Government in this behalf. The newspapers permitted by Government shall be handed over to the detenu without prior censorship. The names of the newspapers, periodicals and magazines, which have been approved by Government for detenus are shown in Appendix 'B'.

- (iii) In matters relating to the withholding of any book, journal of newspaper, the detenus may, if not satisfied with the decision of the local authorities make representation through Superintendent Jail to the State Government whose decision shall be final.

Recreation

21. Subject to the facilities available in the jail where the detenu is confined the detenu may be permitted to:—

- (a) have walks inside the compound where he is confined both in the morning and in the evening;
- (b) play games like badminton and volley ball etc;
- (c) play indoor games like chess, carrom and cards.

Material for all games may be provided at the Government expenses. There is, however, no objection to a friend or relative providing material to the detenu for his recreation subject to the prior approval of the Superintendent of the Jail.

In the interest of discipline, the Superintendent of the Jail shall have full authority in withdrawing any facility that may be given for recreation purposes.

A detenu may be allowed to keep gramophone and radio or transistor of his own; provided the same is controlled by the Superintendent of the jail and the detenu abides by the instructions of the Superintendent of the jail in regard to the listening to any broadcasting that the Superintendent may consider prejudicial. In case of any breach of instructions of Superintendent Jail, in this regard these facilities shall be withdrawn.

Tasks

22. In no case should a detenu be assigned a task including physical labour unless he voluntarily expresses willingness in writing to undertake it.

In all cases where a task is assigned to the detenu's own request appropriate remuneration should be paid and credited to the private funds of the detenu kept with the Superintendent Jail.

Smoking

23. The detenus shall be allowed to smoke cigarettes at their own expense.

Detenus shall be allowed to keep *hukkas* at their own expense.

Railway accommodation.

24. All detenus shall be allowed to travel in the second class on transfer from one jail to another or on release of parole or otherwise.

Place of detention.

25. The detenus may be detained in any jail of Himachal Pradesh.

Applications and representations.

26. (i) Detenus shall submit their applications or representations to the State Government in duplicate. One copy of such application or representation shall be retained by the Superintendent of the Jail to deal with future references.

(ii) Superintendents of Jails shall withhold applications or representations addressed to the State Government by detenus which are couched in disrespectful or discourteous language.

27. Detenus will ordinarily be treated by the Medical Officer of the Jail. In cases where it is necessary to remove a detenu to a Civil Hospital outside the jail for operative or other special treatment which cannot conveniently be given in the jail itself, the orders of Government shall be obtained, through the Inspector General of Prisons. In emergent cases, the Superintendent of Jail is authorised to anticipate the sanction of the State Government but he should make an immediate report of all cases in which he avails himself of the authority. The Superintendent of the jail should ask the Superintendent of Police of the District in which the jail is situated to make arrangements for guarding these detenus during their stay in the hospital. For the purposes of jail discipline the Superintendent of the Jail shall depute a jail official to see that the provisions of the Himachal Pradesh Detenus (Conditions of Detention) Order, 1971, are properly observed. The detenu should also be provided with spectacles and denture, etc., at Government expense if recommended by the Jail Medical Officer or Medical Specialist.

Medical facilities.

28. All particulars relating to detenus shall be entered (without serial number) in the register of civil prisoners, and all statistics of detenus shall be shown separately in jail returns.

Miscellaneous.

29. A history ticket shall be maintained for each detenu containing information applicable to prisoners in paragraphs 504 to 508 of the Punjab Jail Manual as applied to Himachal Pradesh. The history tickets shall be kept by the Superintendent and not by a convict official as laid down in paragraph 508.

History Tickets.

30. The Himachal Pradesh Detenus (Conditions of Detention) Order, 1971 shall be shown of the detenus on their arrival in the jail.

These Order to be shown to detenus.

31. Such other local instruction as may be necessary for the guidance of the jail officers may be issued by the Inspector General of Prisons or the officers in-charge of prison in Himachal Pradesh with the approval of the State Government.

Power to issue instructions.

32. When a detenu is removed or brought to Delhi in connection with habeas corpus petition, he shall be subject to the Delhi Detenus Rules, issued under the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971 (No. 26 of 1971), as regards place of detention, maintenance, discipline and punishment for breaches of discipline for the period he remains confined in the Delhi jail.

When Delhi Detenus Rules to apply.

APPENDIX 'A'

(See para 14)

APPLICATION FOR INTERVIEW

Particulars to be furnished by persons desiring to interview a detenu :

Name of the detenu to be interviewed

Name of applicant

Relationship of applicant to detenu

Full address of applicant

Purpose for which interview is desired

Date on which interview is desired

Dated.....

Hours..... A.M./P.M.

(Signature of applicant).

FORM 'B'

(See para 15)

Full name of sender.....

Full name, address and relationship of addressee and of any other person mentioned in the letter.....

To be detached here.....

Jail.

.....
Signature of censoring officer.

.....
Date

.....
Name of sender.

APPENDIX 'B'

(See para 20)

Newspapers, periodicals and magazines which are supplied to Detenus confined in the Himachal Pradesh jails at Government expense.

DAILIES

English	1. Tribune 2. The Hindustan Times 3. The Indian Express 4. Patriot
Hindi	1. Hindi Milap 2. Vir Partap
Punjabi	1. Ajit, Jullundur 2. Akali Patrika, Jullundur
Urdu	1. Milap, Jullundur 2. The Partap, New Delhi 3. The Partap, Jullundur

WEEKLIES

English	1. Illustrated Weekly of India 2. Shankar's Weekly
Hindi	1. Dharamyug 2. Mal Milap, Chandigarh 3. The Asia, Delhi.

2. Newspapers, periodicals, and magazines which detenus are allowed at their own expenses:—

English	1. Times of India 2. Statesman 3. Economic Review 4. Advance 5. Reader's Digest
Hindi	1. Nav Bharat Times 2. Hindustan Saptahik 3. Jagriti 4. Panchayati Raj 5. Nav Neet
Punjabi	1. Ranjit, Patiala 2. Fateh, Delhi 3. Jagriti 4. Kanwal 5. Pritam, Delhi
Urdu	1. The Tej, Delhi 2. The Parcham-i-Hind 3. The Jagat 4. The Pasban, Chandigarh 5. The Shamma, New Delhi.

P. T. WANGDI,
Joint Secretary.

LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION

Simla-2, the 26th June, 1972

No. 14-13/68-LSG.—The following amendments made by the Municipal Committee, Dalhousie, in exercise of powers conferred by section 198 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1969, to its Water Supply Bye-Laws published with Punjab Government notification No. 3431-C-46/21261, dated the 20th September, 1946, as subsequently amended having been confirmed by the Governor, Himachal Pradesh, as required under section 215 of the said Act are published for general information and shall come into force within the Municipality of Dalhousie, District Chamba, Himachal Pradesh with effect from 1st July, 1972:—

AMENDMENTS

In the said notification:—

- (1) For existing bye-law No. 12 the following shall be substituted:—

“A person permitted to draw or use water under bye-law 11 for a purpose other than a domestic purpose shall pay for the water consumed at 75 paise per 1000 litres; provided that a fraction of 1000 litres shall be charged at Re. 0.15 per 100 litres and no free allowance shall be allowed.

Provided further that if water is used for building purposes either wholly or partly a charge of Rs. 8/- per hundred cubic metre or part thereof at the masonry work shall be made.”

- (2) In bye-law No. 19 (i) for the words and figures 1000 gallons, the words and figures 4000 litres shall be substituted.

Bye-law No. 19 (ii) shall be substituted as under:—

“The registered consumer who has been assessed to such water tax shall pay each month for water consumed during the previous month in excess of the quantity of the free allowance permitted under the provision of clause 1 at the rate of 60 paise per thousand litres; provided that a fraction of 1000 litres shall be charged at 15 paise for every hundred litres or less.”

In bye-law No. 19 (iii) for the figures and words 5 annas per thousand gallons the following figures and words shall be substituted:—

“45 paise per thousand litres.”

In bye-law No. 24 *explanation* (the words section 229 of the Himachal Pradesh Municipal Act, 1968 in place of section 215 of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 shall be substituted).

By order,
P. K. MATTOO,
Secretary.

HOME DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION

Simla-2, the 26th June, 1972

No. 1-3/70-Home.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 46 of the Indian Police Act, 1861 (Act No. 5 of 1861), the Governor of Himachal Pradesh is pleased to extend the provisions of section 34 of the said Act to Thanedhar Town and along-side Narkanda-Thanedhar

road from 15 km to 16 km of District Mahasu (boundaries given below) from the date of publication of this notification in the Himachal Pradesh Rajpatra:—

BOUNDARIES OF THANEDHAR TOWN

South-East.—From village Surad near 15 km on Narkanda-Thanedhar road, comprising village Surad Upper Himtala.

South.—Old Thanedhar Bazar above the Electric Power Station, near Wine Shop and path leading to Kotgarh upto and including Parkash Brothers Shop.

East.—House of Rattan Store (Barubagh), Electricity Office and private houses.

North.—Farmers Community Centre, near 16 km.

K. N. CHANNA,
Chief Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE, BILASPUR DISTRICT HIMACHAL PRADESH

Bilaspur, the 26th June, 1972

No. C-17-18.—Whereas a detention order, under sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971 (Act No. 26 of 1971), as amended by clause (c) of sub-section (6) of section 6 of the Defence of India Act, 1971 (Act No. 42 of 1971), for the arrest and detention of Shri Jai Kumar s/o Sita Ram, caste Brahman, r/o Raura Sector, Bilaspur, Himachal Pradesh was made, on 20th June, 1972, by me, Kashmir Singh, District Magistrate, Bilaspur district, Himachal Pradesh;

And whereas I have reason to believe that Shri Jai Kumar, aforesaid has absconded or is concealing himself so that the said order of detention cannot be executed;

Now, therefore, I, Kashmir Singh, District Magistrate, Bilaspur district, Himachal Pradesh, in exercise of the power vested in me by clause (2) of sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971 (Act No. 26 of 1971), hereby, direct, Shri Jai Kumar, aforesaid, to appear before the District Magistrate, Bilaspur district, Himachal Pradesh in his Court room, at Bilaspur (Himachal Pradesh), on or before 22nd of July, 1972 and if Shri Jai Kumar, aforesaid, fails to comply with this direction he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both.

Bilaspur, the 26th June, 1972

No. C-17-18.—Whereas a detention order, under sub-section (2) of section 3 of the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971 (Act No. 26 of 1971), as amended by clause (c) of sub-section (6) of section 6 of the Defence of India Act, 1971 (Act No. 42 of 1971), for the arrest and detention of Shri Om Parkash s/o Shri Tulsi Ram, caste Brahman, r/o village Kot, P.S. Bharari, at present residing in Raura Sector, Bilaspur, Himachal Pradesh was made, on 20th June, 1972, by me, Kashmir Singh, District Magistrate, Bilaspur district, Himachal Pradesh;

And, whereas I have reason to believe that Shri Om Parkash, aforesaid, has absconded or is concealing himself so that the said order of detention cannot be executed;

Now, therefore, I, Kashmir Singh, District Magistrate, Bilaspur district, Himachal Pradesh, in exercise of the power vested in me by clause (2) of sub-section (1) of section 7 of the Maintenance of Internal Security Act, 1971 (Act No. 26 of 1971), hereby, direct, Shri Om Parkash, aforesaid, to appear before the District Magistrate, Bilaspur district, Himachal Pradesh in his Court room, at Bilaspur (Himachal Pradesh), on or before 22nd of July, 1972 and if Shri Om Parkash, aforesaid, fails to comply with this direction he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both.

KASHMIR SINGH,
District Magistrate.